

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32054E **Sub. Code : SMPC21/
AMCP21**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration - Core

FORMS OF CRIME

(For those who joined in July 2017-2020)

Time : Three hours Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ is not a conventional crime
(a) Robbery (b) Dacoity
(c) Rape (d) Credit card fraud

2. Murder is defined by
(a) Cr.P.C
(b) I.P.C.
(c) Both (a) and (b) are correct
(d) Special law

3. _____ is the corporate crime
 - (a) Gujarat communal violence
 - (b) Bhopal Gas tragedy
 - (c) Prostitution
 - (d) Child traffic
4. Which of the following is white collar crime?
 - (a) Cyber crime (b) Kidnapping
 - (c) Drug Trafficking (d) Corruption
5. Find odd one out
 - (a) Phishing (b) Stalking
 - (c) Hacking (d) Sniffer
6. Golden crescent does not include
 - (a) Pakistan (b) Afghanistan
 - (c) Iran (d) India
7. Bio-terrorism involves _____ of the following
 - (a) Drug trafficking
 - (b) Arms trade
 - (c) Cyber crime
 - (d) Anthrax
8. NDPS Act was enacted
 - (a) 1977 (b) 1985
 - (c) 1988 (d) 1990
9. Human are trafficked for
 - (a) Labor (b) Organ trade
 - (c) Flesh trade (d) All the above

10. _____ is not a victimless crime
(a) Prostitution (b) Homosexuality
(c) Drug addiction (d) Homicide

PART B — (5× 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain about robbery.
Or
(b) Write about the investigation process of kidnapping.
12. (a) Explain about corporate crimes.
Or
(b) Explain about hacking.
13. (a) Write a short note on Golden crescent.
Or
(b) Explain about environmental crimes.
14. (a) Write a note on extremism.
Or
(b) Explain bio-terrorism.
15. (a) Write note on alcoholic anonymous.
Or
(b) Explain about prostitution.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain about crime against property.
Or
(b) Elucidate about dacoity and theft.
17. (a) Explain about problems in preventing white collar crime.
Or
(b) Explain about cyber bullying and cyber stalking.
18. (a) Explain definition and characteristics of organized crime.
Or
(b) Explain crime syndicate, racketeering and political graft.
19. (a) Discuss about origin, causes and consequences of terrorism.
Or
(b) Write notes on militancy, naxsalities and insurgency.
20. (a) Write briefly alcoholism and drug abuse.
Or
(b) Explain about treatment of addicts.

(6 Pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32055 E Sub. Code : SMPC 22/
AMCP 22**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

CRIMINAL LAWS

(For those who joined in July 2017 – 2020)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answers :

1. _____ is a civil wrong.
(a) Sin (b) Vice
(c) Tort (d) Crime

2. Equity before law is stated in article _____
(a) 14 (b) 15
(c) 16 (d) 17

3. _____ is a intentional act or omission of an act.
- (a) Sin (b) Vice
- (c) Tort (d) Crime
4. _____ is causing death by doing an act with the intention of causing death.
- (a) Culpable Homicide
- (b) Murder
- (c) Assault
- (d) Rape
5. _____ is a collection of evidence.
- (a) Investigation (b) Information
- (c) Complaint (d) FIR
6. A person intending to take dishonestly any moveable property out of the possession of any person without that person's consent, is called _____
- (a) Theft (b) Arson
- (c) Robbery (d) Burglary

7. _____ is anything, state of things or relation of things capable of being perceived by the senses.
- (a) Fact (b) Law
- (c) View (d) Proof
8. For _____ offence a police officer can arrest without warrant.
- (a) Cognizable (b) Non-cognizable
- (c) Regular (d) Irregular
9. _____ is a statement made by accused person.
- (a) Confession (b) Admission
- (c) Seizure (d) Fact
10. _____ is a fast track setting where a case is resolved in a sitting.
- (a) Summary trial (b) Trial
- (c) Anticipatory bail (d) Bail

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain the history of criminal law.

Or

(b) Write note on IPC and IEA.

12. (a) Write about theft and rape.

Or

(b) Write a short note on hurt and culpable homicide.

13. (a) Write short notes on (i) seizure (ii) search.

Or

(b) Explain about complaint and police report.

14. (a) Write the difference between cognizable and non-cognizable offence.

Or

(b) Write a short note on summon and summary.

15. (a) Write the principles of Indian evidence act.

Or

(b) Explain burden of proof.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain in detail vice, tort, sin and crime with examples.

Or

(b) Explain the roles of IPC in dispense of justice to India.

17. (a) Explain investigation process on rape and murder.

Or

(b) Write about crimes against property in detail.

18. (a) What is investigation? What are the steps involved in criminal investigation?

Or

(b) Write in detail about arrest, bail and search.

19. (a) Write a note on cognizable and non-cognizable offence.

Or

(b) Explain trial and its types.

20. (a) What is evidence? Explain its principles with example.

Or

(b) Explain about confession and dying declaration.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32056 E Sub. Code : SMPC 31/
AMCP 31**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Third Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

**PENOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL
ADMINISTRATION**

(For those who joined in July 2017–2020)

Time : Three hours Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ is also known as corporal punishment.
 - (a) Fine
 - (b) Admonition
 - (c) Flogging
 - (d) Probation

2. _____ relates to the concept of 'rarest of rare case'.
- (a) Life imprisonment
 - (b) Death sentence
 - (c) Short-term imprisonment
 - (d) Long-term imprisonment
3. *lex talionis* means _____
- (a) retribution (b) reformation
 - (c) restoration (d) rehabilitation
4. _____ advocates to correcting the offenders.
- (a) Reformatory theory
 - (b) Preventive theory
 - (c) Deterrent theory
 - (d) Retributive theory
5. _____ deals with prison rules.
- (a) Indian penal code (b) Indian evidence act
 - (c) Prison manual (d) POCSO act

6. Each state has its own _____ to deal with prisons and prisoners.
- (a) Prison manual
 - (b) Prison Act
 - (c) Transfer of prisoners Act
 - (d) Prisoners Act
7. A child in conflict with law will be sent to _____
- (a) Vigilance home (b) Open prison
 - (c) Sub-jail (d) Special home
8. A person sentenced to undergo long term imprisonment is confined in _____
- (a) central prison (b) sub-jail
 - (c) special sub-jail (d) borstal school
9. _____ is referred to as community based correction.
- (a) Probation (b) Aftercare
 - (c) Parole (d) Admonition
10. Emergency leave is also known as _____
- (a) probation (b) admonition
 - (c) remission (d) parole

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on the nature and scope of punishment.

Or

- (b) What is corporal punishment?

12. (a) Explain reformatory theory of punishment.

Or

- (b) What is general deterrence?

13. (a) Give an account of prison manual.

Or

- (b) Write a note on the prisons act.

14. (a) What is protective home?

Or

- (b) Give an account of district jail.

15. (a) What is revocation of probation?

Or

- (b) What is aftercare?

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain various types of punishments.

Or

- (b) Critically analyse the relevance of capital punishment in the 21st century.

17. (a) Write a detailed note on retributive theory.

Or

- (b) Analyse the significance of reformatory theory.

18. (a) Write a detailed note on the historical development of prison system in India.

Or

- (b) Analyse the importance of prison rules.

19. (a) Describe the salient features of the open air prison.

Or

- (b) Write a detailed note on the observation home.

20. (a) Enumerate the special features of the probation of offenders Act.

Or

(b) Write in detail about the significance of parole.

(6 Pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32057 E Sub. Code : SMPC 41/
AMCP 41**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Fourth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

FUNDAMENTALS OF FORENSIC
SCIENCE AND MEDICINE

(For those who joined in July 2017-2020)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answers :

1. Pick the odd one
 - (a) Forensic science
 - (b) Forensic medicine
 - (c) Criminal justice
 - (d) Probation

2. DNA profiling leads to
 - (a) Individualization
 - (b) Identification of blood group
 - (c) Identification of class characteristics
 - (d) None of the above

3. Locard's principle deals with _____
 - (a) Identification of blood group
 - (b) Individualization of exchange
 - (c) Identification of social class
 - (d) None of the above

4. Consumable alcohol is _____
 - (a) Butenol (b) Methanol
 - (c) Ethanol (d) None of the above

5. Silk is a _____
 - (a) Human fiber (b) Derived fiber
 - (c) Mineral fiber (d) None of the above

6. Lawful disinterment of an already engraved dead body is known as _____
 - (a) Execution (b) Identification
 - (c) Investigation (d) None of the above

7. The practitioner of forensic medicine is also called as _____
- (a) Criminal surgeon
 - (b) Police surgeon
 - (c) Offender surgeon
 - (d) None of the above
8. Injuries due to acid attack are classified under _____
- (a) Mechanical (b) Thermal
 - (c) Attack (d) Chemical
9. Stab wound will be of _____ injury.
- (a) Length and less wide
 - (b) Length and good wide
 - (c) Length and no wide
 - (d) None of the above
10. Fixing up on one's individuality refers to
- (a) Identification (b) Interrogation
 - (c) Exhumation (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Elucidate the importance of forensic science.

Or

- (b) Give an account on origin of forensic science.

12. (a) Explain dactylography.

Or

- (b) Foot marks in crime scene are important evidence – Explain.

13. (a) Give the importance of tyre impression near the crime scene.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the need for hand writing expert in the forensics department.

14. (a) Define forensic medicine and give its scope.

Or

- (b) Elaborate on euthanasia.

15. (a) What is viscera? Explain its importance.

Or

(b) What is wound? Give different types of wound.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write a detail note on crime scene procedures.

Or

(b) Explain the divisions of forensic science in Tamil Nadu.

17. (a) Write in detail the physical evidence.

Or

(b) Enumerate the principle of exchange.

18. (a) What is questioned document? Give forms of alteration in a document.

Or

(b) Give an account on need for creating a database of hand writing patterns.

19. (a) Write in detail the medico-legal document and its importance.

Or

(b) Write in detail the action of poison on an individual after its administration.

20. (a) Elucidate the influence of alcohol consumption on crime.

Or

(b) Explain the principles of medical practices.

3. SOC expanded as _____ in crime sciences.
- (a) Scene of Case (b) Scene of Crime
(c) Science of Crime (d) None of the above
4. MO is the expanded as _____ in police jargon.
- (a) Mode of organisation
(b) Method of Media
(c) Mode of Opponent
(d) None of the above
5. Confession is a statement of _____
- (a) Offender (b) Witness
(c) Victim (d) Police
6. Coroner's inquest are used in _____state.
- (a) Bihar (b) West Bengal
(c) Maharashtra (d) None of the above
7. Which one among the following is an offence against person?
- (a) Rape (b) Theft
(c) Terrorism (d) None of the above

8. Murder is punished under _____ in India.
(a) IPC (b) Cr.PC
(c) IEA (d) All of the above
9. IO conducts an investigation to establish
(a) Offender (b) Victim
(c) Witness (d) All of the above
10. Police excess is handled by
(a) Police
(b) Court
(c) Human Rights Commission
(d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on Modus operandi.

Or

- (b) Use of sniffer dog in police department is beneficiary- Argue.

12. (a) Write a note on Case Diary.

Or

(b) Explain Inspection of the Scene of Crime.

13. (a) Explain the procedure of Interrogation of Accused.

Or

(b) Write a note on Confession and give its importance (at least 3).

14. (a) Write a note on Investigation and give its forms.

Or

(b) Explain- Culpable Homicide. Give its forms.

15. (a) Enumerate the importance of Victim Co-Operation in Investigation.

Or

(b) Is victim offender mediation legally permitted? – Argue.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the Method of Investigation.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Lie Detector and give its importance.

17. (a) Write a note on Dying Declaration. How it is recorded?

Or

- (b) Write a note on the method of Collection and Preservation of Evidence.

18. (a) Use an illustration to explain the Process of Confession.

Or

- (b) Explain the Examination of Witness.

19. (a) Explain the investigation process of Motor Vehicle Accidents.

Or

- (b) Forgery cases are difficult to investigate-
Comment on the statement.

20. (a) Third degree method used by police during investigation is inevitable- Argue.

Or

(b) Human rights violation during police investigation is permitted by law— Argue.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32059 E Sub. Code : SMPC 61

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Sixth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Core

INDIAN CONSTITUTION AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE

(For those who joined in July 2017 – 2019)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The constitution of India is the _____ of India.
 - (a) Special law
 - (b) Supreme law
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above

2. Indian Constitution have
- (a) 15 Schedules
 - (b) 12 Schedules
 - (c) 9 Schedules
 - (d) 24 Schedules
3. _____ is the chief architect of the Indian Constitution.
- (a) Dr. Motilal Nehru
 - (b) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
 - (c) Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam
 - (d) None of the above
4. The concept of law of land implies
- (a) Law Governed by State
 - (b) Ruler is governed
 - (c) Law of Law
 - (d) None of the above
5. The Directive principles of State Policy was adopted from
- (a) France
 - (b) Ireland
 - (c) Canada
 - (d) USA

6. Courts is _____ part.
- (a) Legislative (b) Adjudicative
(c) Judiciary (d) Correctional
7. Which country does not follow the federal system?
- (a) India (b) China
(c) US (d) All the above
8. Who is chief of union territory?
- (a) Prime Minister
(b) Governor
(c) President
(d) None of the above
9. Right to Life and Personal liberty comes under
- (a) Art 19 (b) Art 21
(c) Art 25 (d) None of the above
10. Right against exploitation is discussed under _____ of Indian Constitution.
- (a) Art 14-18 (b) Art 19-22
(c) Art 23-24 (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a note on social contract.

Or

- (b) What do you mean by democracy?

12. (a) Write a short note on Fundamental Rights.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on Fundamental Duties.

13. (a) Wings of Government — Discuss.

Or

- (b) Explain — Legislature Wing.

14. (a) What is the meaning of Amendment?
Explain it.

Or

- (b) Narrate the Article 356 of Indian Constitution.

15. (a) Explain the Rights against exploitation.

Or

(b) Write a note on Right to Education.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the sources of Indian Constitution and its supremacy.

Or

(b) Indian Constitution is the finest constitution in the world — Do you agree.

17. (a) Enumerate Citizenship in India.

Or

(b) Explain the history of Indian Constitution.

18. (a) Directive principles of state policy is a boon to state — Explain how?

Or

(b) Explain the role and importance of a Judiciary Wing.

19. (a) How is Federalism practice in India?

Or

(b) Write a note on Article 311 of the Indian Constitution.

20. (a) Write a note on the constitutional amendments pertaining to Criminal Justice.

Or

(b) Write about the Right to Equality.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32060 E Sub. Code : SMPC 63

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Sixth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

POLICE STATION MANAGEMENT

(For those who joined in July 2017-2019)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. FIR is expanded as
 - (a) First Innovative Resource
 - (b) First Informative Record
 - (c) First Information Resource
 - (d) First Information Report

2. In rural areas SHO is generally
 - (a) Head Constable
 - (b) Sub-Inspector
 - (c) Inspector
 - (d) Police Constables

3. Who is in charge of delegation of duties to the officers at police station?
 - (a) DGP
 - (b) DSP
 - (c) SP
 - (d) None of the above

4. PSO refers to
 - (a) Postal Standing Order
 - (b) Police Station Order
 - (c) Police Standing Order
 - (d) None of the above

5. A computer in police station is recorded in
 - (a) General Diary
 - (b) Property Register
 - (c) Station Case Diary
 - (d) Accused Register

6. Who guards the police station?
 - (a) Head Constable
 - (b) SHO
 - (c) Sentry
 - (d) None of the above

7. In which record ex-convict details can be found
- (a) General Diary
 - (b) Arrest Card
 - (c) Convict Register
 - (d) Ex-convict Register
8. Investigation officer can arrest a person without warrant in _____ cases.
- (a) Non-Cognizable offence
 - (b) Cognizable offence
 - (c) Petty Offence
 - (d) None of the above
9. CST stands for
- (a) Community Service Report
 - (b) Community Service Record
 - (c) Community Service Register
 - (d) Community Service Recent
10. Pick the odd one
- (a) Foot Patrol
 - (b) Cycle Patrol
 - (c) Vehicle Patrol
 - (d) Surveillance

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain the Cognisable Offences. Give examples.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the importance of General Diary.

12. (a) Write a note on need for a sentry in a Police Station.

Or

- (b) Write a note on training of police constables.

13. (a) Securing arms in a Police Station is a challenge — Argue.

Or

- (b) Give an account of Bail Bonds.

14. (a) Expand PSR. Give its importance.

Or

- (b) Explain the procedure for search.

15. (a) Role of Police in passport verification.

Or

(b) Explain the Patta Book.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Give the importance of Police Station (at least 8 point).

Or

(b) Explain the duties of a SHO.

17. (a) Why should Police Constable rotate their duty?

Or

(b) Police station is accessible for a normal citizen — Do you agree.

18. (a) Explain the maintenance of Police Station. Use an illustration to explain.

Or

(b) Who and how are accounts maintained in the police station.

19. (a) Write in detail about the Modus Operandi Index and give its importance.

Or

- (b) What is FIR? Give a detail note of the FIR Index.

20. (a) What is Beat? Explain how it helps in Maintenance of Law and Order.

Or

- (b) Crime prevention is one of the primary duties of the police. Substantiate the statement with relevant argument.
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(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32061 E Sub. Code : SMPC 64

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Sixth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

LOCAL AND SPECIAL LAWS

(For those who joined in July 2017-2019)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The Bootleggers can be detained under the _____ Act.
 - (a) NSA
 - (b) IT(P)A
 - (c) NDPS Act
 - (d) Goondas Act

2. Which one deals the land acquisition related cases?
- (a) Slum Grabbers Act
 - (b) Goondas Act
 - (c) Anti Land Grab Act
 - (d) Anti Ragging Act
3. Those who indulge in ragging would be punished as per the _____ Act.
- (a) IPC
 - (b) NDPS Act
 - (c) IT(P)A
 - (d) Ragging Prohibition Act
4. Those who misuse or possess illegal arms would be punished under the _____ Act.
- (a) NDPS Act (b) IT(P)A
 - (c) Arms Act (d) None of the above
5. COFEPOSA is related to
- (a) Arms Trade
 - (b) Atrocity
 - (c) Narcotic Drug
 - (d) None of the above

6. Those who commit degrading acts against the SCs and STs would be punished as per _____ Act .
- (a) IT(P)A
 - (b) NDPS Act
 - (c) Prevention of Atrocities Act
 - (d) None of the above
7. The drug offenders will be punished according to the _____ Act.
- (a) NDPS Act
 - (b) IT(P)A
 - (c) Arms Act
 - (d) None of the above
8. Dowry death shall be considered as have occurred within _____ years of her marriage.
- (a) 5 Years
 - (b) 6 Years
 - (c) $6\frac{1}{2}$ Years
 - (d) 7 Years
9. FERA stands for
- (a) Foreign Exchange Regulation Act
 - (b) Foreign Export Regulatory Act
 - (c) Foreign Exchange Rules Act
 - (d) Forceful Exchange Regulatory Act

10. Seditious means
- (a) Crime against women
 - (b) Crime against children
 - (c) Crime against state
 - (d) Crime against property

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain drug offences.
- Or
- (b) Explain goondas.
12. (a) Enumerate the salient features of Tamil prohibition act.
- Or
- (b) Explain the power to make rules in Tamil Nadu property act, 1992.
13. (a) Discuss the salient features of Police act, 1861.
- Or
- (b) Explain the drawbacks of police act.

14. (a) Explain the power for central Government to prohibit the manufacture, possession or importation of Especially Dangerous explosives.

Or

- (b) Explain the importance of NDPS act, 1985.

15. (a) Explain the need for Dowry prohibition act, 1961.

Or

- (b) Explain Ragging act.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe Slum Grabbers.

Or

- (b) Explain the power to make orders detaining certain persons.

17. (a) Explain Tamil Nadu Property (Prevention of Damage and Loss) Act 1992.

Or

- (b) Explain prohibition and penalties under The Tamil Nadu prohibition Act, 1937.

18. (a) Explain Motor vehicles act, 1988.

Or

(b) Explain importance of Arms act, 1959.

19. (a) Explain Indian Explosive Act, 1884.

Or

(b) Describe the Explosives Substances Act, 1908.

20. (a) Write the salient features and Eve Teasing Act of Tamil Nadu.

Or

(b) Explain about the protection of Civil Rights act, 1955.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32062 E Sub. Code : SEPC 5 A/
AECP 51**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Fifth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration

Major Elective I – SOCIAL WORK IN CRIMINAL
JUSTICE

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer.

1. Every Society has its Own

- (a) Norms (b) Values
(c) Culture (d) All of the above

2. Child labour is
 - (a) Social evil
 - (b) Social deviance
 - (c) Crime
 - (d) None of the above

3. Juvenile delinquent is renamed as _____ in JJ (C and P) Act
 - (a) Truant Child
 - (b) Vagrant Child
 - (c) Child in Conflict with Law
 - (d) None of the above

4. Which one among the following is not a Child abuse?
 - (a) Emotional abuse
 - (b) Education
 - (c) Sexual abuse
 - (d) None of the above

5. Vagrancy is related to
 - (a) Earning money
 - (b) Not attaining education
 - (c) Enhancing Position
 - (d) Wander just like that

6. Truants are involved in _____ participation
 - (a) Social
 - (b) Anti- Social
 - (c) Neglect School
 - (d) None of the above

7. Body language is a _____ communication
(a) Verbal (b) Non- verbal
(c) Colloquial (d) All of the above
8. Interviewing can be effective with basic understanding of human
(a) Nature (b) Behavior
(c) Motivation (d) All of the above
9. Alcoholism connotes
(a) Habitual drinking (b) Social drinking
(c) Bringe drinking (d) All of the above
10. Truants frequently will
(a) Attend (b) Not attend
(c) Completely attend (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Discuss the principles of Community Organization.
- Or
- (b) Enumerate the role of the Governmental Organization.

12. (a) Enumerate the role of the Social work with Juvenile Offenders.

Or

- (b) Explain- Child Trafficking and its Impact on Society.

13. (a) Discuss on Guidance.

Or

- (b) Write a note on Supervision of Child.

14. (a) Give the importance of NGO Assessment.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the skills needed for a Social Worker.

15. (a) What is Vagrancy? List five causes of Vagrancy.

Or

- (b) What is Drug Addiction? List four evil effects of it.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write a note on the various types of social evils in India (at least 16).

Or

- (b) Explain the role of community organization in urban areas.

17. (a) Write a note on the problems of adolescence with relevant examples.

Or

- (b) Child abuse is one among the major social evil in Indian society- Argue.

18. (a) Enumerate the Role of Community in Reintegrating Prisoner.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the role of counseling in Reformation Under Correctional Institute.

19. (a) Explain the use of Groups and Communities in Social Case work.

Or

(b) Explain the need for Client Worker Relationship.

20. (a) Write a note on Dowry and its Impacts on Society.

Or

(b) Write a note on gender inequality in India and give its impacts.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32063 E Sub. Code : SEPC 5 B/
AECP 52**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Fifth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration

Major Elective - II – CROWD CONTROL AND RIOT
MANAGEMENT

(For those who joined in July 2017 onwards)

Time : Three hours Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL the questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Mount police means policing with _____.
 - (a) Dog
 - (b) Arms
 - (c) Horse
 - (d) Camel

2. Unlawful assembly is discussed in _____ section of IPC.
- (a) 131 (b) 137
(c) 141 (d) 147
3. Lathi charge amounts to _____.
- (a) Discharge of human rights
(b) Violation of human rights
(c) Deviance
(d) None of the above
4. Home guards are _____ police.
- (a) Supportive force (b) Replacement force
(c) Surgical force (d) None of the above
5. Para-military forces are used in _____ of the following.
- (a) Investigation (b) Crowd management
(c) Industrial security (d) None of the above
6. Which of the following patrol is not in use in Tamil Nadu?
- (a) Cycle (b) Foot
(c) Automobile (d) None of the above

7. Espionage means
- (a) Spying
 - (b) Creating
 - (c) Killing
 - (d) Attacking
8. The peace during the election is _____ for successful election.
- (a) Condition
 - (b) Mandate
 - (c) Pre-requisite
 - (d) All of the above
9. The right to assembly shall be exercised only after _____.
- (a) Prior Permission
 - (b) Permission is rejected
 - (c) Permission is pending on decision
 - (d) None of the above
10. Security checks during peace keeping process should be bare by
- (a) Public
 - (b) Government officer
 - (c) Politician
 - (d) All of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Define crowd. Explain its impact on society.

Or

- (b) Explain sub-culture.

12. (a) Opening fire, explain with an illustration.

Or

- (b) Crowd dispersal- Explain with an illustration.

13. (a) Elucidate the mobilization of force to deal with unlawful assembly.

Or

- (b) Human rights of police are not considered during the violent crowd control-Comment on the statement.

14. (a) Who is called a rowdy?

Or

- (b) List some law-and-order problems.

15. (a) List some important occasion during which peace should be maintained.

Or

- (b) Peace during election is pre-requisite-Discuss.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write notes on

(i) Counseling and

(ii) Mediation

Or

- (b) Write a detail note on the behaviour of agitators.

17. (a) Police image may be damaged during dispersal of riot crowd- Discuss.

Or

- (b) Write a detail note on procedures to be followed while dispersing violent crowd.

18. (a) Describe in detail the broad principles of deployment of Para-military in crowd control.

Or

(b) Distinguish between broad principle of deployment of Para-military and army in violent crowd control.

19. (a) Write notes on

(i) Intelligence and

(ii) Sources of intelligence

Or

(b) Police are sometimes unaware of sudden agitations- Comment on the statement.

20. (a) Paid riot by rowdies is difficult to handle- Comment.

Or

(b) Write in detail the need and importance of maintaining peace during black days.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32064 E Sub. Code : SEPC 6 A

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Sixth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration — Core

Major Elective III — VICTIM AND OFFENDER
RIGHTS

(For those who joined in July 2017 – 2019)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. The only section in CRPc that deal with victim compensation
 - (a) 157
 - (b) 257
 - (c) 357
 - (d) 457

2. Juvenile offender are dealt with
 - (a) ITP Act
 - (b) IT Act
 - (c) JJ Act
 - (d) P. O Act

3. _____ gets prominence in the present Criminal Justice System in India.
- (a) Victim
 - (b) Offender
 - (c) Both (a) and (b) are correct
 - (d) None of the above
4. Un standard minimum rules for prisoners in the year
- (a) 1960 (b) 1985
 - (c) 1980 (d) 1955
5. Who among the following is the victim of homicide?
- (a) Spouse of the victim
 - (b) Spouse of the offender
 - (c) Society
 - (d) None
6. _____ is known as Magna Carta for victims of crime.
- (a) UNCRC (b) UNCEDAW
 - (c) UNDBPJVCAP (d) UDHR

7. Which of the following institution, visits the prisons to observe the conditions?
(a) SHRC (b) NHRC
(c) Judiciary (d) All the above
8. UN declaration of victims of crime was declared in
(a) 1995 (b) 1985
(c) 2005 (d) 1975
9. Post Traumatic Stress Disorder is comes under which impact of victim
(a) Financial (b) Physical
(c) Psychological (d) All of the above
10. Every state has it own _____ for the superintendence and management of prisons.
(a) Police Manual (b) Prison Manual
(c) Police Act (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Discuss about police violation in human rights.

Or

- (b) Explain the term Compensation in detail.

12. (a) What is meant by imaginary victims and their impacts?

Or

(b) Write a note on roll the United Nations in promoting the rights of crime victims.

13. (a) Explain about Magna Carta for victims.

Or

(b) Give an account of the emotional needs of crime victims.

14. (a) Abuse of power — Explain it.

Or

(b) Explain about agitates group and their problems.

15. (a) Give an account of the International documents pertaining to prisoners.

Or

(b) Write short note on Land Mark Judgement.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Discuss the global perspectives of major functions of Criminal Justice System.

Or

- (b) Differentiate Restitution and Compensation.

17. (a) Examine the victim involvement in the Criminal Justice System.

Or

- (b) Critically evaluate the role of the UN in establishing victim's rights.

18. (a) Describe the salient features of Declaration of Basic Principles of Justice for Victims of crime and Abuse of power, 1985.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the salient features of the UN Declaration for the crime victims.

19. (a) Discuss about UN congresses on Treatment of Offender.

Or

(b) Explain Geneva's convention on Treatment of Offenders.

20. (a) Trace out the land mark judgement relating to human rights violations of prisoners.

Or

(b) Discuss about the rights of the Offender after release from Prison.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32066 E Sub. Code : SAPC 21/
AACP 21**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Allied
PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIME AND DELINQUENCY

(For those who joined in July 2017-2020)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL the questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Social psychologist defines _____ as behaviour that is intended to harm another.
 - (a) Moral offence
 - (b) Aggression
 - (c) Autism
 - (d) Common intention

2. Bipolar disorder is also known as
- (a) Manic depression
 - (b) Depression
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above
3. _____ are the parts of personality defined by Freud.
- (a) Id and Super ego
 - (b) Ego and Super ego
 - (c) Id, Ego and Super ego
 - (d) None of the above
4. Morality, creativity and problem solving are comes under _____ need.
- (a) Self-actualization
 - (b) Esteem
 - (c) Belongingness
 - (d) None of the above
5. The _____ arc is highly specialized mechanism of the stimulus response type.
- (a) Reflexes (b) Movements
 - (c) Instincts (d) Liability

6. The term 'motivation' comes from the word
(a) Motie (b) Motive
(c) Motivate (d) None of the above
7. How many types of major categories of memories are there?
(a) 4 (b) 1
(c) 5 (d) 2
8. What is the expansion of ADT?
(a) Affective Disposition Theory
(b) Affective Disorder Theory
(c) Autism Disposition Theory
(d) None of the above
9. _____ is a type of human behavior that deviates from that which is understood to be orthodox or normal.
(a) Assault (b) Perversion
(c) Diagnosis (d) Conflicts
10. How many types of psychoneurosis are most generally recognized?
(a) 3 (b) 2
(c) 4 (d) 6

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain the nature and scope of Psychology.
Or
(b) Describe about Personality disorder.
12. (a) Elucidate about Murray's theories of personality.
Or
(b) Explain about Pavlov's theories of learning.
13. (a) Explain about Frustration.
Or
(b) Describe about anxieties and crime.
14. (a) Discuss about Intelligence.
Or
(b) Elucidate about sensory process.
15. (a) Explain about Psychopathic personality.
Or
(b) Elucidate about Mental diagnosis.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain about Human behaviour and mind.
Or
(b) Elucidate about Prejudice and impulsive violence.
17. (a) Discuss about Maslow theories of motivation.
Or
(b) Explain about Kohler's theories of learning.
18. (a) Elucidate about the concept, importance and types of motivation.
Or
(b) Discuss about Human behaviour.
19. (a) Detail about various source of learning.
Or
(b) Explain about specialized skills for learning criminal technique.

20. (a) Elucidate about Mental diagnosis, prognosis and treatment of criminal and delinquent behaviour.

Or

(b) Discuss about Human aggression and violence.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32067 E Sub. Code : SAPC 31/
AACP 31**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Third Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Allied

ELEMENTS OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT

(For those who joined in July 2017-2020 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL the questions.

Choose the correct answer:

1. Who among the following controls the state of people's representatives?
 - (a) Central minister
 - (b) Collector
 - (c) Chief minister
 - (d) All of the above

2. Central minister controls the state as people's representative.
- (a) True (b) False
(c) Partly true (d) None of the above
3. The first minister of Independent India is _____.
- (a) Nethaji
(b) Mahatma Gandhi
(c) Jawaharlal Nehru
(d) None of the above
4. Dr. Ambedhkar is a _____.
- (a) Law maker
(b) Sociologist
(c) Both (a) and (b)
(d) None of the above
5. _____ can ruin a country in a peaceful manner.
- (a) Democracy
(b) Dictatorship
(c) Terrorism
(d) None of the above

6. Constitutionalism has _____.
- (a) Perspective uses
 - (b) Descriptive uses
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above
7. Lok sabha is popularly known as _____.
- (a) House of the people
 - (b) House of Politician
 - (c) Council of States
 - (d) Council of Politician
8. The role of Legislature is _____.
- (a) Making laws
 - (b) Implementing laws
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above
9. Proportional system is a concept in voting systems used to elect _____.
- (a) Assembly
 - (b) Institution
 - (c) Company
 - (d) None of the above

10. Political parties work together to _____.
- (a) Introduce new laws
 - (b) Alter old laws
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL the questions choosing either (a) or (b)
with 250 words each.

11. (a) Discuss the nature of the State.
Or
(b) Explain Social Contract Theory.
12. (a) Describe about nationalism.
Or
(b) Elucidate about Law.
13. (a) Short note on Democracy.
Or
(b) Explain the Dictatorship.
14. (a) Discuss on Judiciary.
Or
(b) Explain about Legislature.

15. (a) Describe on Public Opinion.

Or

(b) Discuss about Political Parties

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b) with
600 words each.

16. (a) Explain evolutionary theory with suitable
example.

Or

(b) Discuss any one of the theory with suitable
example.

17. (a) Describe about the evolution of the state.

Or

(b) Explain :

(i) Liberty

(ii) Equality.

18. (a) Explain constitutionalism.

Or

(b) Elucidate about the modern classification of
constitutionalism.

19. (a) Discuss the theories of Bureaucracy.

Or

(b) Explain about the separation of powers.

20. (a) Discuss on interest groups.

Or

(b) Explain on electorate and representation.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

**Code No. : 32069 E Sub. Code : SSPC 4 A /
ASCP 41**

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Fourth Semester

Criminology and Police Administration

Skill Based Core — PRIVATE DETECTIVE AND
INVESTIGATION

(For those who joined in July 2017-2020)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Of following statement, Intelligence can be best explained with
 - (a) Finding out the difference in the similar things and similarities in different things
 - (b) Knowledge applications
 - (c) Wisdom
 - (d) Aptitude

2. Investigation is dealt under _____ Section of CrPC.
- (a) 163 (b) 173
(c) 183 (d) None of the above
3. Which of the following is not a good characteristic for an under-surveillance investigator _____?
- (a) Normal physic (b) Normal psychic
(c) Too tall (d) None of the above
4. Unethical practices committed by the person of high social responsibility, for personal gain is termed as
- (a) Criminal (b) Espionage
(c) White collar crime (d) Murderer
5. Pick the odd one out
- (a) Land dispute
(b) Post Marital verification
(c) Pre-Employment verification
(d) Surveillance

6. An example of automated surveillance is
 - (a) Man on duty
 - (b) Dog on surveillance
 - (c) Closed circuit television
 - (d) None of the above

7. Pilferage in a private industry indicates
 - (a) Murder by employee
 - (b) Kidnapping by employee
 - (c) Theft of merchandise or money by employee
 - (d) Cheating an employee

8. SLR camera is expanded as
 - (a) Single Lens Round (b) Single Lens Rotator
 - (c) Single Lens Reflex (d) Single Lens Reflect

9. An instrument used in magnifying an object
 - (a) Magnifying lens (b) Photo camera
 - (c) Digital camera (d) None of these

10. An unstable witness can also be called as
 - (a) Hostile Witness
 - (b) Psychologically unsound witness
 - (c) Witness by the court
 - (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Define Investigation. Give importance of Private Investigation.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the desirable attributes of a Private Investigator.

12. (a) Explain the process of investigating and detecting of a vehicle theft case.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the advantages of the Automobile Surveillance.

13. (a) Use an illustration with diagram to explain Land Dispute Case.

Or

- (b) Explain the investigation a student kidnapped from school premise.

14. (a) List at least 10 instruments used in Private Investigation.

Or

- (b) Explain the use of photo camera in missing person investigation.

15. (a) Industrial Espionage is a threat – Argue.

Or

- (b) Explain the need for professional training of a private detective.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Trace the history and development of private detective in India.

Or

- (b) Differentiate Police and Private Investigation.

17. (a) Write a note on background verification of a person and give its importance (at least 8).

Or

- (b) Compare Overt and Covert Surveillance.

18. (a) Explain in detail about Post Marital Investigation.

Or

(b) Enumerate the importance of Employee Verification (at least 16).

19. (a) Write a detail note on Corporate Intelligence.

Or

(b) Enumerate the functions of a Pen Camera.

20. (a) Explain the significance of interview in private investigation.

Or

(b) Explain the types of Witness.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32125 E Sub. Code : CMCP 11

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

First Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Core

FUNDAMENTALS OF CRIMINOLOGY

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ is crime against person.
 - (a) Murder
 - (b) Rape
 - (c) Kidnapping
 - (d) All of the above

2. _____ is crime against property.
- (a) Murder (b) Rape
(c) Hurt (d) Theft
3. IPC means _____.
- (a) Indian Penology Code
(b) Indian Penal Code
(c) Indian Property Code
(d) None of the above
4. Section 376 IPC deals with _____.
- (a) Murder
(b) Rape
(c) Robbery
(d) None of the above
5. According to RAT crime happened due to _____.
- (a) No appropriate guard
(b) Suitable target
(c) Potential Offender
(d) All the above

6. _____ affects public peace and harmony.
- (a) Dacoity
 - (b) Riot
 - (c) Suicide
 - (d) Cyber Crime
7. Cyber Crime deals with online crimes only
- (a) True (b) False
 - (c) May be true (d) May be false
8. A crime committed by juvenile is called as _____.
- (a) Crime (b) Delinquency
 - (c) Vice (d) Sin
9. National Crime Record Bureau is located in
- (a) Chennai (b) Delhi
 - (c) Calcutta (d) Kochi
10. How is given the bail during trail?
- (a) First offender
 - (b) Habitual offenders
 - (c) Violent offenders
 - (d) Cyber offender

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain the relationship of Criminology with other social sciences.

Or

- (b) Explain about historical perspectives of Criminology.

12. (a) Differentiate Classical and Neo Classical Schools of Criminology.

Or

- (b) What is subculture? Explain how it related with gang delinquency.

13. (a) Write a short note on role of police in Criminal Justice System.

Or

- (b) Order the powers of different types of courts.

14. (a) Give an account of characteristics of habitual offender.

Or

- (b) Write a brief note on characteristics of violent offender.

15. (a) Write a short note on NCRB.

Or

(b) Write a short note on Crime against persons.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Define Criminology. Explain its nature and scope.

Or

(b) Discuss causes of crime and give the explanation of Criminal behaviour.

17. (a) Explain various types of crime happening in Tamilnadu.

Or

(b) Explain (i) Pre-Classical School and (ii) Positive School

18. (a) Write in detail about structure of Criminal Justice System in India.

Or

(b) Explain the role of legislative and prison in Criminal Justice System.

19. (a) What is Riot? Explain various factories involves in riot.

Or

(b) Write in detail about any three type of Crime against person.

20. (a) Write in detail about State Crime Record Bureau.

Or

(b) Outline the characteristics of violent crime.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32126 E Sub. Code : CMCP 12

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

First Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Core

POLICE ADMINISTRATION

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Police is a ————— subject.
 - (a) State
 - (b) Central
 - (c) Both (a) and (b) are correct
 - (d) None of the above

2. In ancient India the chief of the police force was called _____.
 - (a) Dandadhikaris
 - (b) Sandik
 - (c) Kotwals
 - (d) Mahadandadhikari
3. Who is the head of the City Police?
 - (a) DSP
 - (b) SP
 - (c) DIG
 - (d) Commissioner
4. Which one of the following agency comes under crime statistics department?
 - (a) CBI
 - (b) CISF
 - (c) NCRB
 - (d) RPF
5. Which police organization does not come under the Central Police Organizations?
 - (a) CISF
 - (b) CBI
 - (c) RPF
 - (d) Q Branch
6. Cases relating to pirated CD's are handled by _____.
 - (a) Idol wing
 - (b) Special Branch
 - (c) Video Piracy Cell
 - (d) Economic offences wing

7. FIR refers to _____.
 - (a) First Investigation Report
 - (b) First Information Report
 - (c) First Intelligence Register
 - (d) All the above

8. Q Branch of the state police deals with
 - (a) Evidence collection
 - (b) Secret intelligence
 - (c) Offender intelligence
 - (d) All the above

9. Narcotic intelligence bureau deals with cases related to
 - (a) Idol Theft
 - (b) Video Piracy
 - (c) Drug trafficking
 - (d) Prostitution

10. Crime typology includes
 - (a) Crime against Person
 - (b) Crime against Property
 - (c) Crime against Society
 - (d) All the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note on Indian Police Act.

Or

- (b) Explain history of Indian police.

12. (a) Write a short note on Village Police.

Or

- (b) Write any three Central Police organization? Explain.

13. (a) Give an account on recruitment and training of DSP.

Or

- (b) Explain about Law and order policing.

14. (a) Explain about Tamilnadu special investigation team.

Or

- (b) Write a short note on Idol wing.

15. (a) What is arrest? Explain it.

Or

- (b) Explain gambling.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Critically examine the Indian Police Act of 1861.

Or

- (b) Explain about policing in ancient, medieval and modern India.

17. (a) What is the structure of Tamilnadu Police? Explain.

Or

- (b) Explain about BPR&D and NCRB.

18. (a) Write a note on law and order maintenance and detection of crimes.

Or

- (b) Give an account on recruitment and training of constables and Sub-Inspector.

19. (a) Discuss about Q branch and Special Branch.

Or

- (b) Explain about NIB and Economic Offence wing.

20. (a) Explain various types of raids.

Or

(b) Detail about Narcotics and PITA.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32127 E Sub. Code : CMCP 21

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Core

FORMS OF CRIME

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ is defined under Section 351 of IPC.
(a) Assault (b) Dacoity
(c) Murder (d) Rape

2. The punishment for robbery is enlisted under Section _____ of IPC.
(a) 382 (b) 392
(c) 387 (d) 397

3. The term "White Collar Crime" was coined by _____.
- (a) Sigmund Freud
 - (b) Paul Tappan
 - (c) Edwin Sutherland
 - (d) Robert Merton
4. A person is said to _____, who causes one thing to resemble another thing, intending by means of that resemblance to practise deception, or knowing it to be likely that deception will thereby be practised.
- (a) Corrupt
 - (b) Counterfeit
 - (c) Evader
 - (d) Phisher
5. Golden Crescent is known for the illicit production of _____.
- (a) Afeem
 - (b) Cannabis
 - (c) Marijuana
 - (d) Opium
6. _____ is defined as unscrupulous use of a politician's authority for personal gain.
- (a) Graft
 - (b) Evasion
 - (c) Fraud
 - (d) Bullying

7. Naxalism originated from the Naxalbari village in _____.
- (a) Arunachal Pradesh
 - (b) Bihar
 - (c) Jharkhand
 - (d) West Bengal
8. _____ is the intentional release of viruses, bacteria, or other germs that can sicken or kill people, livestock, or crops.
- (a) Bio-terrorism
 - (b) Narco-terrorism
 - (c) Revolutionary terrorism
 - (d) Nationalist terrorism
9. The NDPS Act was enacted in the year _____.
- (a) 1975
 - (b) 1980
 - (c) 1985
 - (d) 1990
10. Which of the following is not a victimless crime?
- (a) Alcoholism
 - (b) Accidents
 - (c) Drug abuse
 - (d) Prostitution

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note on Dacoity.

Or

(b) What do you mean by Conventional crimes?

12. (a) Corporate Crime – Explain.

Or

(b) What are the problems in preventing white collar crimes?

13. (a) Write a short note on the Golden crescent.

Or

(b) Environmental Crimes in the current scenario – Discuss.

14. (a) Write a short note on Bio-Terrorism.

Or

(b) List out some of the forms of Terrorism.

15. (a) What do you mean by Victimless crime?

Or

(b) Write a short note on the Alcoholic Anonymous.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) List out the conventional forms of crimes against property and explain.

Or

- (b) Explain in detail about Kidnapping and Abduction.

17. (a) White Collar Crime – Define and explain its causes.

Or

- (b) Write in detail about crimes against women in the cyberspace and measures to prevent them.

18. (a) Organized Crime – Define and explain its characteristics.

Or

- (b) List out and explain some common forms of Organized Crime.

19. (a) Causes and Consequences of Terrorism – Explain in detail.

Or

- (b) Explain few types of terrorist manifestations in India.

20. (a) Explain the salient features of the NDPS Act.

Or

(b) Explain few forms of Victimless crimes.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32128 E Sub. Code : CMCP 22

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration - Core

CRIMINAL LAWS

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ is a intentional act or omission of an act.
 - (a) Sin
 - (b) Vice
 - (c) Tort
 - (d) Crime

2. Freedom of speech is stated by article _____
(a) 16 (b) 17
(c) 18 (d) 19
3. A person intending to take dishonestly any moveable property out of the possession of any person without that person's consent, is called _____
(a) Theft (b) Arson
(c) Robbery (d) Burglary
4. _____ is a violent disturbance of the peace by a crowd
(a) Riot (b) Arson
(c) Burglary (d) Embezzlement
5. _____ is a questioning of a suspect or witness by law enforcement authorities.
(a) Interrogation (b) Investigation
(c) Information (d) Complaint
6. _____ is a temporary release from jail or imprisonment.
(a) Bail (b) Summon
(c) Offence (d) Warrant

7. _____ is a fast track setting where a case is resolved in a sitting
- (a) Summary trial (b) Trial
- (c) Anticipatory bail (d) Bail
8. For _____ offence arrest can be made only with warrant
- (a) Cognizable
- (b) Non-cognizable
- (c) Non-bailable
- (d) Seizure
9. _____ is anything, state of things or relation of things capable of being perceived by the senses.
- (a) Fact (b) Law
- (c) View (d) Proof
10. _____ is made to any person other than those who are authorized by law to take confession
- (a) Extra judicial confession
- (b) Confession
- (c) Admission
- (d) Judicial confession

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write the history of criminal law.

Or

(b) What are the salient features of Indian constitution?

12. (a) Write a note on crimes against property.

Or

(b) Write a note on (i) Riot (ii) unlawful assembly.

13. (a) Write a note on (i) Arrest (ii) Bail

Or

(b) What are the levels or steps in investigation?

14. (a) Write a short note on summary and warrant trials.

Or

(b) Write the difference between cognizable and non-cognizable offence.

15. (a) Write about Dying declaration.

Or

(b) What is confession? What are the types of confession?

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write in detail about "Doctrine of Actus Reus and Mens Rea".

Or

(b) Define crime. Explain the nature and scope of crime.

17. (a) Explain crimes against person with suitable example.

Or

(b) Explain crimes against property with example.

18. (a) Differentiate between warrant and summary offences.

Or

(b) Explain about arrest and bail in detail.

19. (a) Who can be arrested without warrant?

Or

(b) Write in detail summon and warrant.

20. (a) Write the difference between admission and confession.

Or

(b) Write a detail on dying declaration.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32129 E Sub. Code : CMCP 31

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Third Semester

Criminology and Police Administration

PENOLOGY AND CORRECTIONAL
ADMINISTRATION

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ concerns with the various aspects of punishment and penal policies.
 - (a) Criminal psychology
 - (b) Criminal sociology
 - (c) Penology
 - (d) Criminal anthropology

2. The basis of this old school of penology is the human free-will
 - (a) Penology school
 - (b) Classical school
 - (c) Neo-classical
 - (d) Positivist

3. The word penology is derived from the Latin word _____ meaning 'punishment'.
 - (a) Poena
 - (b) Penea
 - (c) Penal
 - (d) Penalogi

4. An eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth is _____.
 - (a) Retributive
 - (b) Preventive
 - (c) Reformative
 - (d) Deterrence

5. Tamil Nadu's prison manual was prepared based on the provisions found in _____.
 - (a) The prisoners Act
 - (b) The prison Act
 - (c) The transfer of prisoners Act
 - (d) None of the above

6. Penology is branch of criminology dealing with
 - (a) Prison management
 - (b) The treatment of offenders
 - (c) Punishments
 - (d) None of these

7. Who among the following was invited to ————— direct the changes in correctional system of India?
- (a) Beccaria (b) Reckless
(c) Braitwaithe (d) None of the above
8. Which of the following is a juvenile institution?
- (a) Special Jail (b) Vigilance home
(c) Special home (d) Open air prison
9. The retributive theory of punishment is based on the principle of
- (a) Eye for an eye
(b) Vengeance against the wrongdoer
(c) Assuaging the angry sentiments of the victim and society
(d) All of the above
10. Brostol school deals with ————— prisoner.
- (a) Adult (b) Child
(c) Transgender (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).
Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Enumerate forms of corporal punishments.

Or

- (b) Explicate solitary confinement.

12. (a) Explain the need for theories of punishment.

Or

- (b) Elucidate deterrence theory.

13. (a) Why do prison need manual?

Or

- (b) Explain prison in Mughal's period.

14. (a) Discuss observation home.

Or

- (b) Explain special homes.

15. (a) Enlist the provisions and rules for parole.

Or

- (b) Discuss community based correction.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Punishments are meant for corrections - do you agree.

Or

- (b) What is capital punishment? List points for retention of capital punishment (at least 6).

17. (a) Explain the types of punishment.

Or

- (b) Elucidate contemporary theory of punishment use in Indian prisons.

18. (a) Trace the development of prison system in Ancient India.

Or

- (b) Give the salient features of prison Act.

19. (a) Correction institutions are successful in rehabilitating prison - do you agree.

Or

- (b) Enumerate the juvenile institution. Give its merit.

20. (a) Differentiate the Parole and Probation.

Or

(b) Give the salient features of Offenders rights.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32130 E Sub. Code : CACP 11

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

First Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Allied

SOCIOLOGY OF CRIME AND DEVIANCE

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ conduct is not immitative or result of suggestion.
 - (a) Social
 - (b) Heredity
 - (c) Analogy
 - (d) Genotype

2. _____ is the father of Modern Criminology.
- (a) Lombroso (b) Aguste Comte
(c) Freud (d) Clarke
3. _____ proposed Differential Association Theory.
- (a) Sutherland (b) Merton
(c) Freud (d) Reckless
4. Containment theory was proposed by _____.
- (a) Merton (b) Reckless
(c) Lomboroco (d) Beccaria
5. Population _____ is a form of Social disorganisation.
- (a) Disorganisation
(b) Organisation
(c) Crowd
(d) Management
6. Influence of social neighborhood involvement on crime rate is said in _____
- (a) Broken window theory
(b) Classical School
(c) Neo-classical School
(d) Hedonism

7. Which theory says the person's residential location decides that the person will involve in illegal activities?
- (a) Social disorganization theory
 - (b) Containment theory
 - (c) Labelling theory
 - (d) Organization theory
8. _____ is behaviour of the individual which differ from social norms.
- (a) Individual Disorganization
 - (b) Societal Disorganization
 - (c) Peer-group Disorganization
 - (d) Family Disorganization
9. _____ is not a crime in Tamilnadu.
- (a) Begging
 - (b) Arson
 - (c) Theft
 - (d) Spitting
10. Anomie is _____
- (a) Normlessness
 - (b) Norm
 - (c) Affiliation
 - (d) Positivism

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) What are the characteristics of society?

Or

- (b) Explain crime as a social problem.

12. (a) Write about social disorganisation theory.

Or

- (b) Write about containment theory.

13. (a) What are the causes of deviance in society?

Or

- (b) How does Urbanization cause crime?

14. (a) Explain about the Social Deviance.

Or

- (b) Give an account of Social Pathology.

15. (a) Analyse the Individual Disorganization.

Or

- (b) Narrate the social learning and criminalization.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain the relationship between social structure and crime.

Or

- (b) Explain the role of society in control of crime.

17. (a) Write in detail about Differential Association theory.

Or

- (b) Explain subculture theories in detail.

18. (a) Explain the relationship between social change and crime.

Or

- (b) What is Social Pathology? Explain in detail with examples.

19. (a) What are the salient features of Immoral Traffic Prevention act?

Or

- (b) Write in detail about beggary and laws related to it.

20. (a) Explain in detail the Dowry (Prohibition Act) 1961.

Or

(b) Critically evaluate the issue of prostitution in India.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32131 E Sub. Code : CACP 21

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Second Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Allied

PSYCHOLOGY OF CRIME AND DELIQUENCY

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. _____ is the scientific study of human behaviour and mind.
(a) Anthropology (b) Criminology
(c) Psychology (d) Sociology

2. _____ is an assumption or an opinion about someone simply based on that person's membership to a particular group.
(a) Anxiety (b) Impulsivity
(c) Personality (d) Prejudice

3. Operant Conditioning is a concept of learning proposed by _____.
- (a) Albert Bandura
 - (b) B.F. Skinner
 - (c) Edward Thorndike
 - (d) Ivan Pavlov
4. The Theory of Needs was proposed by _____
- (a) Abraham Maslow
 - (b) David McClelland
 - (c) Fredrick Herzberg
 - (d) John Atkinson
5. _____ is a psychological feature that arouses an organism to action toward a goal, giving purpose and direction to behaviour.
- (a) Anxiety (b) Desire
 - (c) Frustration (d) Need
6. Which of the following is not a type of conflict in psychology?
- (a) Approach - Approach
 - (b) Acceptance - Acceptance
 - (c) Avoidance - Avoidance
 - (d) Approach - Avoidance

7. _____ refers to the mental activity directed toward purposive adaptation to, selection and shaping of real-world environments relevant to one's life.
- (a) Intelligence (b) Learning
(c) Perception (d) Recognition
8. _____ is a relatively permanent change in behaviour as a result of experience.
- (a) Memory (b) Motivation
(c) Learning (d) Perception
9. _____ is a prediction of the course, duration, severity and outcome of a disorder.
- (a) Diagnosis (b) Prognosis
(c) Symbiosis (d) Evaluation
10. _____ is characterized by disturbing emotional symptoms such as obsessive thoughts, or depressive states, but without gross personality disorganization or loss of contact with reality.
- (a) Pycnotic disorder
(b) Psychopathic disorder
(c) Psychoneurotic disorder
(d) Sexual Perversion

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Write a short note on Aggression.

Or

- (b) Human Behaviour and Mind – Discuss.

12. (a) Write a short note on the Catell's personality theory.

Or

- (b) Explain two-factor theory of Motivation.

13. (a) Write a short note on Motivation.

Or

- (b) Explain how frustration leads to crime.

14. (a) Perception – Explain.

Or

- (b) What do you mean by Learning in Psychology?

15. (a) Psychopathic Personality - Explain.

Or

(b) Explain the Psychology behind mob behaviour.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Explain in detail the nature and scope of Psychology.

Or

(b) Explain in detail the relationship between Psychology and Criminology.

17. (a) Explain in detail Albert Bandura's learning theory.

Or

(b) Define Personality. Write in detail about the Murray theory of Personality.

18. (a) Write in detail about Desirable and Undesirable behaviour.

Or

(b) Mental disorders and crime – Discuss in detail.

19. (a) Mass media as a source of learning for criminal behaviour – Discuss.

Or

(b) Explain in detail the role of memory and intelligence in learning.

20. (a) Explain in detail about the diagnosis and prognosis of criminal and delinquent behaviour.

Or

(b) Organized Crime Syndicates – Explain in detail.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32132 E Sub. Code : CACP 31

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Third Semester

Criminology and Police Administration – Allied

ELEMENTS OF STATE AND GOVERNMENT

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer:

1. The origin of the state is related to _____ theory.
 - (a) Social contract theory
 - (b) Labelling theory
 - (c) Differential association theory
 - (d) None of the above

2. In contemporary world people are living in _____ societies.
- (a) Organised
 - (b) Stateless
 - (c) Well planned
 - (d) None of the above
3. Which one is not a Fundamental right?
- (a) Right to Equality
 - (b) Right to Liberty
 - (c) Right to Death
 - (d) None of the above
4. Law is universal in a particular
- (a) Individual
 - (b) Society
 - (c) Politics
 - (d) None of the above
5. The enactment of Indian Constitution was _____.
- (a) 1947
 - (b) 1948
 - (c) 1949
 - (d) 1950

6. Implementing new laws in Parliament is done by _____.
- (a) Judiciary
 - (b) Elected Politicians
 - (c) Police
 - (d) None of the above
7. The head of Lok Sabha is _____.
- (a) President
 - (b) Prime Minister
 - (c) Chief Minister
 - (d) None of the above
8. The executives are responsible for the administration and enforcement of the constitution and laws passed by the _____.
- (a) Legislative
 - (b) Judiciary
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above

9. A Political party, party worker is also known as _____.
- (a) Party activist
 - (b) Party organiser
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above
10. Election time '49 O' is used for _____.
- (a) Avoid voting anyone
 - (b) Tapal vote
 - (c) Restrict anyone
 - (d) None of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain Marx theory of state.
- Or
- (b) Write a note on Origin of State.
12. (a) Explain – Individual rights.
- Or
- (b) Give an account on the importance of Equality.

13. (a) Write a note on modern constitutionalism.

Or

(b) Write a note on Democracy.

14. (a) Explain – Separation of Powers.

Or

(b) Write a note on Bureaucracy.

15. (a) Explain the characteristics of a political party.

Or

(b) Write a note on importance of public opinion.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions by choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Write a note on importance of states.

Or

(b) Write a note on nature and origin of state.

17. (a) Write a detailed note on the importance of liberty and equality.

Or

(b) Write a note on the importance of Individual rights.

18. (a) Discuss in detail about the modern classification.

Or

(b) Discuss the merits and demerits of dictatorship.

19. (a) Discuss in detail the organs of the government.

Or

(b) Explain the role of executives in India.

20. (a) Discuss in detail the interest groups.

Or

(b) Write a note on electorate and representation.

(6 pages)

Reg. No. :

Code No. : 32133 E Sub. Code : CSCP 31

B.A. (CBCS) DEGREE EXAMINATION,
NOVEMBER 2022.

Third Semester

Criminology and Police Administration

Skill Based Core — SECURITY MANAGEMENT

(For those who joined in July 2021 onwards)

Time : Three hours

Maximum : 75 marks

PART A — (10 × 1 = 10 marks)

Answer ALL questions.

Choose the correct answer :

1. Security means

- (a) Safety (b) Vigilant
(c) Patrol (d) Maintenance

2. Airport is under the protection ring of

- (a) Airport Police (b) Local Police
(c) NSG (d) CISF

3. The security of Delhi city is managed by
 - (a) Delhi Police establishment
 - (b) Commissioner of Police Delhi
 - (c) Army
 - (d) Delhi Armed Police

4. Industrial Sabotage means
 - (a) Spying in the Industry
 - (b) Industrial Theft
 - (c) Industrial Agitation
 - (d) Riot

5. External refers to the process of
 - (a) Additional Personnel
 - (b) Logic
 - (c) Intuition
 - (d) Experience

6. Expansion-of CCTV
 - (a) Closed Circle Television
 - (b) Closed Camera Television
 - (c) Closed Common Television
 - (d) Closed Circuit Television

7. Limited in scope is _____.
- (a) Internal (b) External
(c) Personnel (d) Information
8. Animal barrier is _____.
- (a) Legal barrier (b) Manual barrier
(c) Security barrier (d) Management barrier
9. Security Management covers
- (a) Communicative Problems
(b) Loss Prevention
(c) Solved Programs
(d) Self-Management
10. Private Security refers to the Protection of _____.
- (a) Human (b) Information
(c) Infrastructure (d) All of the above

PART B — (5 × 5 = 25 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b).

Each answer should not exceed 250 words.

11. (a) Explain the Security management in ancient India.

Or

- (b) Describe the 'Lock-out' in the Industrial Disputes Act.

12. (a) Describe the need for Security in Industries.

Or

- (b) Explain the natural barriers in security.

13. (a) Narrate the External Security with suitable examples.

Or

- (b) Explain mandatory basic trainings given to a Security personnel.

14. (a) Explain the ways to handle the sabotage situations.

Or

- (b) Write a note on preventive measures for theft.

15. (a) Write about the interrogation in security system.

Or

- (b) Explain the process of the investigation.

PART C — (5 × 8 = 40 marks)

Answer ALL questions, choosing either (a) or (b)
Each answer should not exceed 600 words.

16. (a) Describe the historical basis of Security.

Or

- (b) Write in detail about the role of CISF in industrial security.

17. (a) Enumerate the security areas and explain its types.

Or

- (b) Explain :
(i) Structural barriers
(ii) Human barriers.

18. (a) Give an account on Physical Security measures adopted in an industry.

Or

- (b) Describe the role of a Security Officers in the investigation of cognizable offence in an industry.

19. (a) Suggest effective preventive measures to prevent the crime in the society.

Or

(b) Write in detail about the Cash Escort System in Road.

20. (a) Discuss the preventive measures against pilferage in Industrials.

Or

(b) Security field is a Business – Do you agree?
